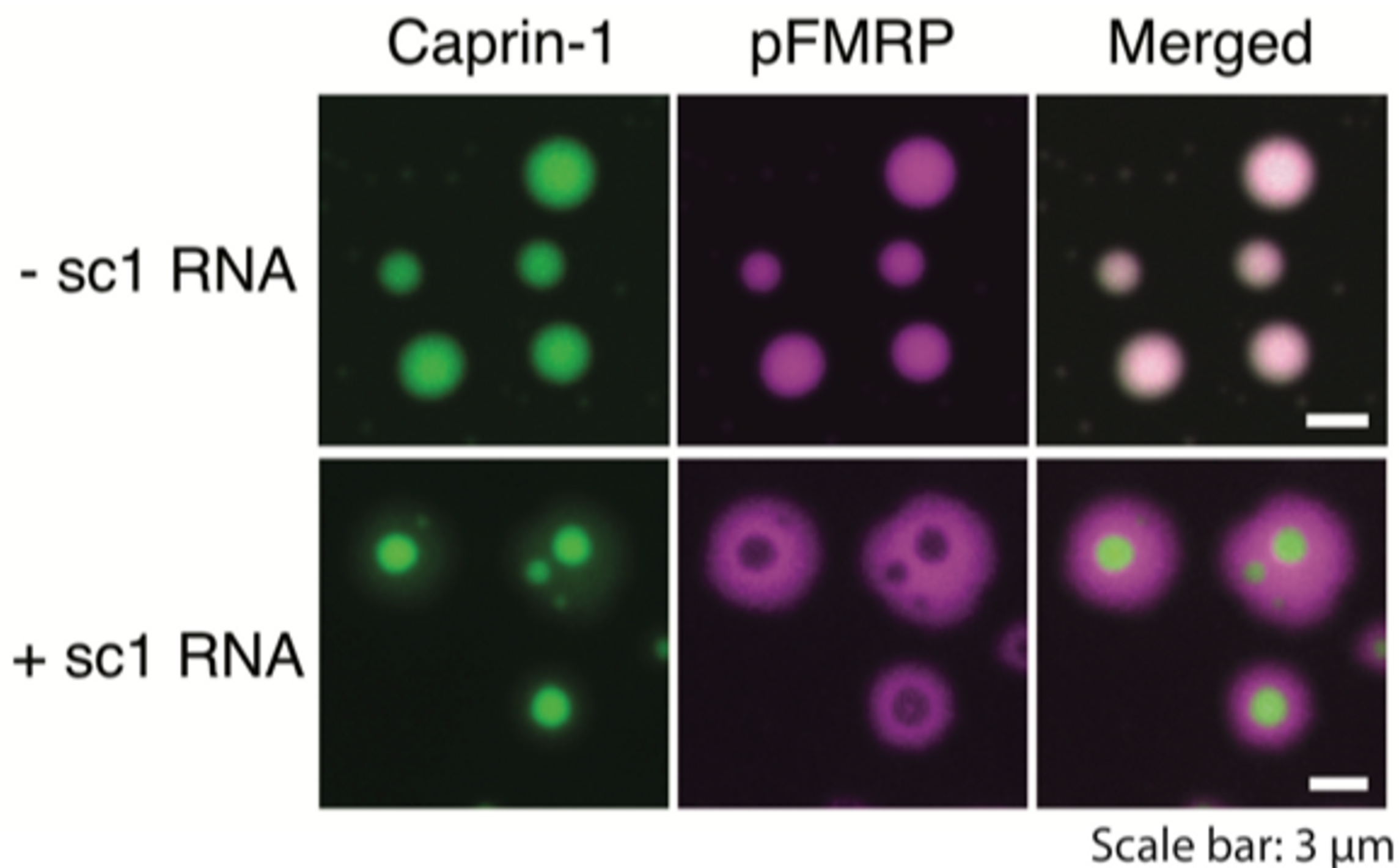


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**Biomolecular Phase Separation and its Role in  
Biological Regulations**



Membraneless organelles involved in cellular processes are biomolecular condensates assembled by phase separation. Despite the important roles of intrinsically disordered protein regions, the specific protein-protein interactions underlying phase separation and its functional consequences remain elusive. The disordered regions of two interacting proteins, FMRP and Caprin-1 are reported to form biomolecular condensates in cells. NMR of FMRP-Caprin-1 condensates show molecular details of the protein-protein interactions governing the phase separation. Different phosphorylation patterns of the proteins control phase separation with RNA, sub-compartmentalization, and biochemical reactions in the condensates. These results show implications for how the integration of signaling pathways controls key cellular processes.